OBER, 1946

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by Alexander Bender

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THEATRE WORLD



Sid Field • A typical study of the brilliant comedian who is to be the star of the new Val Parnell show, *Piccadilly Hayride*, which opens at the Prince of Wales early in October. Sid Field who became a star overnight in *Strike a New Note*, also at the Prince of Wales, has recently made a big hit in the British technicolour musical film, *London Town*. (See also page 23.)



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Theatre World

(Incorporating PLAY PICTORIAL and THE AMATEUR STAGE)

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Edited by Frances Stephens

October 1946

THE opening (after we close for press) of the Old Vic Company's third season at the New Theatre, reminds us of the recent important announcement for the theatre in England of the Old Vic Governors' decision to develop an Old Vic Theatre Centre.

The first step taken was to invite Michel Saint-Denis, who before the war directed the London Theatre Studio, Glen Byam Shaw and George Devine to form and direct The Old Vic Theatre Centre. The second step was to make available as premises for this the original Old Vic building in the Waterloo Road.

Although this theatre was badly damaged by bombing, the Directors of the Centre are now preparing to establish there an organisation for training, research and development in all forms of theatre activity around Theatre School, a Theatre for Children ("The Young Vic"), and later on a theatre in the Centre open to the general public.

During the next three years, through the ork in the school and the Young Vic, the Directors of the Centre hope to bring gether sufficient people in all branches authors, musicians, actors, directors. signers, technicians) for the start of the work in this theatre. Once opened, the heatre, as the focal point of the Centre, will be completely self-contained, having s own workshops, and enabling all the work necessary for the preparation of a to be carried out on the roduction remises.

The Old Vic Theatre Centre, when fully stablished, will present a theatre and an rganisation which might well act as a asis for the construction and organisation I other Centres throughout the country.

Over the Footlights

Its purpose is not only to play its part in the life of the Old Vic, but to be of service to the theatre in general and to the community at large.

The Young Vic will open at the Lyric Theatre, Hammersmith, on Boxing Day 1946 for a five-and-a-half weeks season and then go on tour. The School is opening on the 16th January 1947, and one group of acting and technical course students will be selected from applications now being received. The Theatre will open to the public in the autumn of 1949.

At last there has been some welcome relief in the paper situation for periodicals; which though by no means adequate to enable us to return to pre-war proportions should at least go a long way to satisfying the demand for copies as well as allowing us to add some pages each month. Readers who wish to receive copies regularly should notify their booksellers or send details of subscriptions required direct to these offices.

We extend hearty congratulations to our ballet critic, Audrey Williamson, on the appearance of her first book, Contemporary Ballet, which we shall review in full next month, together with other books on the theatre recently received. Miss Williamson's book (published by Rockliff, 21s.) is obtainable from booksellers only.

It is a pleasant thought in passing that almost within a stone's throw of each other are to be seen in the West End, the Old Vic's King Lear, This Way to the Tomb (a play not to be missed) and the brilliant revival of The Skin of our Teeth, which grows ever more topical and strangely inevitable.

F. S.

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SPANGLING and EMBROIDERY for STAGE COSTUMES

New Shows of the Month

"Soldier's Wife"-Duchess, August 27th.

"Message for Margaret"—Westminster, Aug. 28th.

"Fools Rush In"-Fortune, Sept. 2nd.

"The Toff"-Granville, Sept. 2nd.

"But for the Grace of God"—St. James's, Sept. 3rd.

"The Eagle Has Two Heads"—Lyric, Hammersmith, Sept. 4th.

"Mother of Men"-Comedy, Sept. 12th.

" Soldier's Wife"

THIS unconvincing play demonstrates too well the folly of giving American stories English settings. But even with its original setting and an all-American cast, Rose Franken could hardly have repeated her Claudia success. For with the best will in the world we could not credit that the soldier's wife in question (Diana Churchill never seemed to get into the skin of the part) would have been capable of the sort of love letters likely to bind up into a best seller. Supreme irony was that this book was published in London at the present time overnight as it were. Most authors nowadays think it nothing short of a miracle if their works see the light of day within the year! Also irritating was the fact that our heroine's Chiswick flat had obviously never been within splintershot of a flying bomb, nor had known any shortage of coupons.

Miss Franken, of course, cannot be blamed for all of this, and the small cast certainly worked hard to infuse a little reality. Joan Marion emerged well with a delightful portrait of a sensible woman; Ronald Ward had his moments as the husband of an ambitious woman Editor (Kathleen Kent) and Julian Dallas as the returned soldier did his best to persuade us that it was a matter of supreme importance that his silly little wife should choose her baby and her loose covers rather than a big future as a glamour lady of letters.

"Message for Margaret"

THE critics seemed determined to pick holes in this study of two women in love with the same man (who was killed in an accident as the play opens), and yet could not deny the drama and suspense engendered by the superb acting of Flora Robson and Barbara Couper. In my opinion the acting triumphed over any weaknesses of the play, real or imaginary, and Message for Margaret stands as a gripping piece of entertainment. In any case the ways of women in love to the point of jealousy are past finding out, and Mr. Parish's guess as to the reactions of the two Margarets is

as good as anyone's. It is possible that the widow and lover of a dead man might find a strange fascination in each other's company; and it is equally possible that a level-headed woman like the wife might develop an insane and homicidal jealousy when she learns that her dead husband's lover is to bear the child she had always longed for herself.

The affair of the dangerous balcony, and the means whereby the old family friend gives the right Margaret her husband's last message, are but trimmings to the central theme. As mentioned, Flora Robson as Margaret, the wife, spares us no harrowing of the feelings; hers is drama to the nth degree, and Barbara Couper gives rapier-like point to the worthlessness of Margaret the mistress. Edgar Norfolk as the wife's counsellor and friend and Jack Allen as the likeable husband of Margaret Two—he deserved a better fate—round off the picture nicely. The background of publisher and best selling author adds piquancy to the situation. F. S.



Yvonne Owen and Hugh McDermott in a scene from But for the Grace of God, Frederick Lonsdale's successful new play at the St. James's

"Fools Rush In"

THE little Fortune Theatre will certainly be put on the map again with this excellently contrived comedy by Kenneth Horne. There is not a dull moment. After Quiet Wedding and this play it would seem that the story of any bride who hesitates on the brink of the ceremony is a sure bet for a comedy success. In the case of Fools Rush In an extraordinarily provoking, if attractive, young bride-to-be backs out almost on the way to church and creates bedlam in her mother's already rather haywire household. As the mother is none other than Joyce Barbour, this is understandable. Glynis Johns as Pam, the bride, exerts every wile of naïvity and husky voice to prove her reasonableness in not getting married on her wedding day. Derek Farr as the handsome bridegroom is naturally peeved at the turn of events, and the scene is complicated by the rival claims of Miss Barbour's ex-husband, Pam's father (Bernard Lee) and her fiance Charles (Hugh Dempster). It would appear that Pam's fears that marriage is a risky affair are only strengthened when she finds her father is not a villain after all.

How all this is straightened out it would ake too long to tell. Jessica Spencer, Iris Vandeleur and Josephine Middleton also have a hand in the fun, and Richard Bird has directed with a very sure touch.

F. S

But for the Grace of God"

LACKMAIL is certainly one of the unpleasantest of unpleasant crimes. The act is emphasised in this story of a black-tailer in possession of love letters written a phase of folly by a misguided lady balle her husband is serving King and balle her husband is serving King and contry. Not an unfamiliar episode, persaps, in the strange days of these strange cases. Here, however, complications ensue thich invest Frederick Lonsdale's new trama with sustained interest, an interest phanced by the skilful construction and tole presentation which mark the play.

An American officer is the recipient of the criminating epistles, written, it appears, the lady who nursed him when in hospital. Rightly resenting the activities of the lackmailer he chances to kill this unformate cad—he claims in self-defence. Be at as it may this sets in motion the police vestigations which form the subsequent teme of the play, and give scope for an undance of sophisticated and often witty mment.

Full justice is done to both action and alogue by each member of the cast. cchael Gough extracts all the unpleasants there is in the blackmailer, while Hugh Dermott is all we could demand as the llant American officer. A. E. Matthews ings easy urbanity to a well-written part, itch although it lacks any clear relation

A New Shylock



Meier Zelniker created a deep impression as Shylock in the Yiddish rendering by A. Meisels of Shakespeare's The Merchant of Venice at the New Yiddish Theatre, Folk House, Adler Street, Aldgate. The play, which was presented in association with the Arts Council, was produced by Robert Atkins, who made masterly use of the small stage and ingenious settings.

to the plot, provides occasion for pertinent comments on life and manners in general. J. H. Roberts as a philosophical and exceedingly well-bred police inspector, portrays this character with the quiet ease of which he is such a master. Yvonne Owen, as the indiscreet wife, plays well and sincerely, but does not always bring out to the full what the part offers. Other parts are very effectively played by Mary Jerrold, H. G. Stoker, Cyril Smith, Andrew Leigh (the latter an amusing character sketch of an escaped convict, a genial murderer who loves flowers), Stuart Lindseal, Anthony Forwood, Denis Gordon and Marian Manisty. Leslie Armstrong has given competent direction, while the handsome decor and set are by Eugenie Moreau and Roland Pym.

L. J.

"The Eagle has Two Heads"

E have come to expect unusual and vital plays from The Company of Four at the Lyric, Hammersmith, and The Eagle has Two Heads, by Jean Cocteau, adapted by Ronald Duncan, is no exception. Unusual certainly, perhaps improbable, but definitely good theatre, and vital inasmuch as the

acting is concerned. Miss Eileen Herlie's brilliant and neverflagging performance as the tragic queen of some mythical Ruritanian kingdom, haunted by the memory of her dead husband, and falling in love with her would-be assassin, is a piece of breath-taking acting. Apart from the difficult feat of speaking without hesitation and, moreover, with conviction and fire, the longest soliloquy ever heard on the stage, Miss Herlie's every utterance, gesture and movement proclaim her indeed the queen. If, as has been argued elsewhere, this play is over-romantic, melodramatic and impossible, it is at least a superb vehicle for Miss Herlie to prove what a first-class and even great actress she has become. She has the power of making us believe in the romance and improbability of the story, and this surely is the secret of all great acting. With Miss Herlie on the stage all is real and completely sincere.

The rest of the cast are more than adequate, and particular mention must be made of Jill Esmond as the queen's companion, and Noel Willman, who gives a well controlled yet sinister portrayal of the villain of the piece. The only real disappointment is James Donald as Stanislas,

the poet, who fails to convince.

The rich and colourful costumes and settings for which Anthony Holland and Gurschner are responsible, are in keeping with the mood of the play and serve to enhance Miss Herlie's beauty to the utmost.

M. W.

"Mother of Men"

In spite of some really first-rate acting, particularly from Barbara Mullen as the mother, it is difficult to take this play seriously. There are moments very near to bathos, due no doubt to the fact that this "simple story" is far too simple for present-day playgoers. Our grandparents would have loved it and shed many a tear over the plight of the simple village girl who nearly loses her name and her man over the counter-attraction of the girl from the "big bad city." Incidentally, Helen Franklyn in this part very nearly does wring the tears with as pathetic a portrayal of the betrayed as one could wish; a fine piece of acting. But Barbara Mullen dominates and holds the whole play together as one of those astonishing widows who fights for her children with fearless energy. Widow Brant's three sons, played by Desmond Tester, Anthony Oliver and Gordon Davis, are likely fisher-lads, and there is a nice

little character study from Arthur Hambling. But the play is too naïve by far and lacks the true native wit of *Yellow Sands* and others of that ilk. F. S.

Gateway Theatre Club

STILL living up to its name, the "Gateway " houses at present a new company, called Theatre Renaissance Limited, founded by Miss Patryc Matthews and administered by ex-service men and women, each member being a shareholder. This is a brave endeavour and one hopes the venturers will have some fun. Miss Patryc Matthews is the Business Manager and she played the lead in the play which opened the new company's activities. This was an English version by Ashley Dukes of Parisienne by Henry Becque. By far the best performance came from Leslie Twelvetrees, who also produced, but he succeeded no more than the others in conjuring Paris in the eighties. An attractive set had been designed and painted by Edward Grunspan. H. G. M.

The Actor's Theatre Club

AN interesting bill of four short plays was presented by The Actor's Theatre Company in September in the diminutive theatre in Linden Gardens, where one goes "behind" to get "in front." The company appears to be numerous, youthful and vigorous and does much original work. Three of the plays now under notice were new and two of them seemed to be based on new ideas. The Witch, by Alasdair Grant, in spite of crude and perfunctory acting by many members of the crowded cast, was very effective. The last item was a piece of excellent fooling with more than a dash of satire by Samuel Driver. This provided many opportunities for swift character sketches. The success of the joke owed much to the paintings specially executed by Philip Whichelo. Among the acting company, Peter Sington, David Ashley and Phyllis Watkins gave particularly H. G. M. satisfying performances.

BALLET

"The Masque of Comus"

In reviving Milton's Masque of Comus in its full text International Ballet have made a legitimate and courageous gesture back to the only historical roots of ballet in this country. For the English Masque with its blend of drama, song and dance is our nearest equivalent to the traditions of ballet proper which began to develop in France and Russia during the same century and the next; and the dramatic trend of English ballet today derives from this always close alliance of the dance in England with the legitimate theatre.

Unfortunately the company have so over weighted the text with prolonged ballet interludes and an Olympian prologue that Milton's spoken drama, meant originally to predominate over a few incidental dances, loses its compactness and climax. the acting on as high a level as the dancing, the exceptions being Leslie French's aerial and witty Attendant Spirit and Antony Eustrel's Comus, which has a venomous regality. There is frequent pictorial beauty, the original songs of Henry Lawes are charmingly introduced (though not always too well sung), and both Mona Inglesby and Michel de Lutry shine as dancers. But the choreography falls short of the lyrical imagination of the theme and the production has lapses from taste never apparent in Robert Helpmann's brief but exquisitely stylish and dramatic ballet version. It is, perhaps, a comment on contemporary taste that Helpmann's and Messel's perfect miniature is allowed to lapse from the while this sprawling English repertoire spectacle replaces it.

Nevertheless, although Milton's poetry is swamped and often poorly spoken, the attempt is there and deserves praise; if only the producer and choreographer had curbed their passion to gild the lily, and seen that the acting had more vitality and naturalness, one might have saluted an achievement as well. As it is this is a it will please many.

A. W.

it will please many.

OPERA

"The Rape of Lucretia"

Peter Grimes Benjamin Britten showed himself a composer capable of handling full-scale opera and large chorus with dramatic assurance that gave the art a mew lease of creative life. In The Rape of Jucretia he shows, like the later Beethoven, that composition within the more restricted cange of chamber music need not be less impressive. Scored for twelve musicians and small team of singers, the opera achieves at times the impact of tragedy: and in the writing for the male and female chorus the lyrically harmonised spinning scene, the descriptive passage in which Tarquin's ride s given a lashing musical excitement, and he drama of his entrance into Lucretia's hamber, reveal the hand of the operatic naster. The music is arid and harsh and t moments lacks the voluptuousness for he theme; but it is intensely dramatic and rilliantly scored for orchestra and voice.

The composer is helped by John Piper's esigns in which the romantic and classical re correlated with great imaginative beauty md by the dramatic production of Eric rozier which gives a frigid classic nobility the poise or lift of an arm (Tarquin's ap on to Lucretia's bed with dagger praised makes a superb dramatic picture).



MONA INGLESBY

Ronald Duncan's libretto has occasional infelicities and bathos of phrase; but the dramatic construction, which derives from André Obey's Le Viol du Lucrèce, is magnificently successful, and the use of the two figures as Chorus commentary, interpreting the action from the perspective of history, gives the tragedy a Grecian fatality.

Unfortunately, on the first night at Sadler's Wells the second Glyndebourne cast failed to make the words audible, and the miscasting of Tarquin as a slender, unsensual youth threw the dramatic action out of shape. There was also a general lack of a strong upper register among the singers. The best singing came from Aksel Schiotz and Flora Nielsen as Chorus; both of whom sang powerfully in the middle register, and from Nancy Evans who, like Kathleen Ferrier the following night, sang the part of Lucretia richly and acted with dignity and feeling.

On the second night the original Glyndebourne cast appeared, and with the Tarquin of that fine actor and singer Otakar Kraus the drama leapt newly to life: came over clearly, the Chorus figures of Peter Pears and Joan Cross were sung with ringing beauty of tone, and Edmund Donlevy as Junius once again revealed himself a remarkable actor-singer who will deserve an opera to be created for him one of these days. The singing of Anna Pollak as the Nurse and Owen Brannigan as Collatinus was also notable.

"Don Pasquale"

MONIZETTI is less known in England as a composer of opera than Rossini, but the revival of Don Pasquale at the Cambridge Theatre shows him to have much the same style and vivacity that distinguish the composer of The Barber of Seville, as well

as a lively musicianship and gift for "patter." The plot is typical of Italian light opera with its Commedia del'Arte stock figure of the amorous old guardian outwitted by a pair of young lovers. It is sparklingly sung and acted at the Cambridge by the stylish Mariano Stabile, who sang Dr. Malatesta at Glyndebourne before the war, the English bass Martin Lawrence (whose Don Pasquale is a triumph) and a young Italian soprano, Alda Noni, of excellent voice, good looks and high spirits. The tenor, Andrew Macpherson, is sweet in tone although both his singing and acting lack "body." Michael Benthall's gay production gains in pace and invention as the opera proceeds and is enhanced by Joseph Carl's exquisite settings and a choice of beautiful 18th century furnishings. Don Pasquale is now being played alternately with La Bohême at this theatre

San Carlo Opera Company

TO this company from Naples, which was formed under British auspices to entertain troops in Italy during the war, has fallen the honour of opening the first season of opera at Covent Garden for seven years.

Their First Night production of La Traviata showed them to be a team of good average singers with some care in casting and a very high standard of decoration. The orchestra was over-heavy and playing lacked that singing cantabile

quality that distinguishes Verdi's Preludes under a master such as Toscanini: it gave a hempen coarseness to what should be a There was melodic thread of finest silk. also in the first act an unhappy difference of opinion between the orchestra and tenor as to the exact key Verdi intended. Probably nervousness affected the singers in the first act, for the 'performance gained in assurance and the occasion was made memorable by a truly great Violetta, Margherita Carosio. Carosio is not only a beautiful woman with a voice of exquisite flexibility and sweetness, she is also an outstanding artist who sings with the utmost delicacy of light and shade and an actress of vivacity, feeling and imaginative play of expression. There were moments, especially in the death scene, when one could begin to imagine what Duse must have been like in the part of the Lady of the Camellias. Drama- as well as opera-goers are urged to go and see this moving per-

La Bohème on the second night had no artist of this quality, but the opera, like La Traviata, has about it the nostalgia of old romance and the drama of the death scene was beautifully conveyed by the whole company. Luigi Infantino as Rudolph proved a tenor of excellent roundness and firmness of tone and Paolo Silveri as Marcel brought off, like Carioso, the happy triple

(Continued on page 35)

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Henry: "March, brothers, march—ever freer and faster!
We are the bridge, and the ship, and the plough!
We are the engine, the gun, and the steeple;
We are the voice and the might of the people."

Henry Hope (Trefor Jones), electioneering for Grace Green, sings his stirring workers' song "Wheels of the World" to the crowd gathered outside The Barge Aground, the old riverside inn in a square in the Borough of Little Britain.

A scene from Act I.

"Big Ben" AT THE ADELPHI

a theatrical event in the West End, and Big Ben, which came to the Adelphi in fully was no exception. This delightful light ppera, which is lavishly staged, in the true cochran manner, has the wit and tunefulaess one would expect from two such experienced men of the theatre as Sir Alan Herbert and Vivian Ellis. The Herbert oook is scintillating and always entertaining, while the music provided by Mr. Ellis among the most lilting London has heard for a long time.

Full honours too must go to Wendy Toye

for her superb direction, particularly as this is a production with an unusual number of crowd scenes.

The clever company display splendid teamwork and a full appreciation of A. P. Herbert's sly digs at the political scene. This is C. B. Cochran's one-hundred-and-twenty-fifth production, and news comes that the Herbert-Ellis team is already busy on the one-hundred-and-twenty-sixth. This is to be called *Seventy Summers*, and by way of contrast to *Big Ben* will be an entirely non-political operetta set in the Victorian era of bustles.

PICTURES BY ALEXANDER BENDER



The opening scene in the Colossal Stores, where a magnificent parade o British fashions is staged The pictures on this paggive some idea both of the charm of some of Mr Cochran's Young Ladies and of the lovely gowns they wear.

After the parade Lord Lavender, the owner of the business, announces that the store is to put up it own candidate in the forth coming election and Grace Green, one of the young shop assistants, is elected Another member of the staff, Henry Hope, are earnest devotee of the extreme left is to act as he agent. Grace choose Henry's colour in politic and the fight is on.







Juniper: "Come to Britain, for Britain's the best!

Here's where America ought to be dressed.

Come to Britain and spend with a smile;

We must have dollars and you must have

style!"

coelle Gordon as Juniper Joy, attractive young socialite, punds the key-note of the Fashion Parade in her song Come to Britain ''; while Grace Green (above right) and the charming theme song of the show, '' I want to see the people happy.''



Grace (Carole Lynne):

"I want to see the people happy,
I want to hear the people sing;
I want the sun to shine on
England.
Ah, the things I'd do if I were
King!

I am ashamed that I am happy, And in my heart the gay bells ring.

I want to see the people happy— I want to hear the people sing."



Lizbeth Webb, charming young actress and singer, who understudies Carole Lynne.



Joan Young who gives a richly humorous performance as Alderman Busy, the militant kill-joy of Little Britain.



Mrs. Busy (Joan Young):
"It is my aim to keep this
Borough clean,

To seek out vice, and punish its creators.

But how can we control the libertine,

If libertines become the legislators?

Yet you are young—and I will spare your shame,
If you reveal to me the woman's name."

Grace Green has fallen in love with the young candidate of a rival political party, and they are surprised in the park by Alderman Busy and a policeman. Eric Palmer as the Hon. George Home, Lord Lavender's son, and Lance Lister as the park policeman.

(Below):

"London Town is built on London River, And London River flows sixty miles to sea . . ."



David Davies as Ben Green, Grace's father, and the King's Bargemaster, in a colourful scene with eight scarlet-clad watermen.

"Do you remember the good old days In Queen Victoria's reign? Ah me Shall we see Those good old days again?"

Lord Lavender (Eric Fort) and Ben Green sing the nostalgic "Do you remember the Good Old Days" outside Ben's inn The Barge Aground, where they are joined by Henry Hope, who puts his own words to the song, namely:—

"Do you remember the good old days,
When no new-fangled rail-ways ran
Across the countryside,
And few could move from their own small grove
Until the day they died?"





"Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, In Parliament we offer To serve you if you'll let us."

The candidates for Parliament harangue their constituents at the meeting organised by Lord Lavender.



Juniper:

"When I was a High School noodle And life was rather smug, My mother kept a poodle And my father kept a pug."

Juniper Joy with the admiring page looking on (Donald Reed), sings her big number "The Poodle and the Pug" in the cheery first scene of Act II in the saloon of The Barge Aground.

(Below):

Lord Lavender:

"There's a lot to be said for the house of peers,

Though it shouldn't be said by me.

We've all the best Bishops, we make the best beers.
We're top of the nation's tree."

Lord Lavender making merry in Ben's saloon sings another of his witty songs to the delighted company, who are gathered to celebrate Grace's return to Parliament.



Our pictures do not show the amusing scene on the House of Commons terrace and in the Chamber of the House, when Grace and the Hon. George, aided by gate-crashers Henry Hope and Ben Green, manage to defeat in unorthodox manner Alderman Busy's Bill for the closing of pubs. As a result Grace and George are incarcerated in the belfry of Big Ben for their contempt of Parliament, but all ends happily in the moving final scene in Parliament Square.

Right and below):

Big Ben! Big Ben!
The clock all people know,
The King of Time in every clime
Where ships and sailors go.
The clock they could not kill,
Thime out again, and tell all men
That England's England still."

The finale of "Big Ben."







"Tangent" AT THE MERCURY

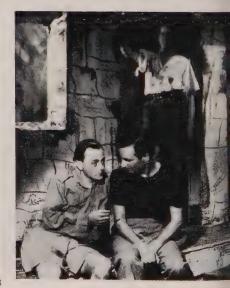
• Scenes from the new verse and prose play *Tangent*, written by the poet Gilbert Horobin, who served with the Commandos in Crete; the play was written in a German prison camp.

The acting of one of the best all-round casts now in London has won as much attention as the provocative and exciting play, and the whole production is one of the most polished yet seen at the little Mercury Theatre.

By accident and not design the eight men in the company, both stage managers, the producer (Stuart Latham), as well as the author are all ex-service, and perhaps it is this, and the presence of two most promising young actresses, that explains the vitality and burning sincerity of the whole performance.

A tense moment from the play, and below left, Henzie Racburn, Barbara Lott and Joslin Parlane as the mother and two daughters. Below right, John Mackwood, Julian Randall and Anthony Verney as three prisoners-of-war.





Produced by the Author

by ERIC JOHNS

CLUTTERBUCK provides one of the gayest nights-out since the war. Benn Levy has written deliciously amusing dialogue, which is polished to perfection by Constance Cummings, Patricia Burke, Naunton Wayne and Basil Radford. By putting their heads so unselfishly together these four pastmasters have steered this comedy directly and surely to complete success. They play with uncanny understanding of the author's intention and on that account their team-work is a model of what it should be in the theatre.

Constance Cummings, while being the first to acknowledge the artistic talent of her colleagues, suggests that the play owes much to production by the author, who, incidentally, happens to be her husband. While not claiming Benn Levy a producer without a peer, Miss Cummings is faced by the fact that some of her outstanding past successes have been in his plays and under his direction. Over here one recalls Young Madame Conti and The Jealous God, and in New York his seventeen-scene adaptation of Madame Bovary. Now, as the crowning glory, comes Clutterbuck at Wyndhams.

"I'm all for a word from the author," -aid Miss Cummings the other night when discussing whether a dramatist should be allowed in the theatre during the rehearsal of his own play. "I may be prejudiced because my husband is a playwright and ! ecause I have enjoyed working in his plays nder his direction, but I think any author can assist the members of his cast. all, he wrote the play and should be an authority on it. If Shakespeare were alive today I guess every budding Hamlet would take him out to lunch in an attempt to discover whether Hamlet was meant to be really mad or only to feign madness. Scores of producers have put forward their ideas, but only the author is in a position to give plain and undisputed ruling.

"When possible I think authors ought to produce their own plays because they know more about the whys and the wherefores than any third party called in to but the play on the stage. They know what was at the back of their mind when writing the play and are more capable of viving a lucid explanation to the cast. Naturally, not all authors are sufficiently conversant with the theatre to be able to produce a play. Considerable technical knowledge of the actor's, the scenic artist's and the electrician's craft is required to tage a play to the best possible advantage.

"When an outside producer is called in



John Vickers

CONSTANCE CUMMINGS

to perform this job there is a danger of his stepping between the actor and the author and misrepresenting the play. Under such conditions the poor author is sometimes more sinned against than sinning. Even if a different producer is engaged, I still think the author ought to meet the cast. By taking them out to lunch for a quiet talk he can work miracles by way of explaining his conception of the various situations that go to make the play. The author can supply the answer in a flash. It is good for artists to know that they have the author's authority for their conception of the part.

"I have always found discussion most essential and illuminating in the early stages of rehearsal. It eases subsequent study and it is satisfying for the artist to know that he is working with the author's approval along the right lines. He knows he is well under the skin of the part as it was written and as it was meant to be played.

"Occasionally it is inadvisable for authors to handle the production side of their plays. Some writers become peculiarly inelastic when, to speed up certain scenes, suggestions are made concerning cuts in the script. They find it very difficult to cut anything they have written, feeling there must be a reason for the lines or they would never have thought them out

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OPERA AT THE
CAMBRIDGE THEATRE

"La Bohème

The two operas at present al nating in the New London Op Company's season at the Cambrid which is presented by the Music, and Drama Society by arrangem with Jay Pomeroy, have a welco freshness and vitality. Puccini's Bohème was an instantaneous s cess, with Daria Bayan as a M of rare sensitivity as well as bell-l soprano voice, and Lester Fergus a fine tenor from America, Rudolph (in picture on left). Mimi's death scene (below) are a (L. to R.) Ian Wallace as Schauna Stanley Pope as Marcel, Dorot Vernon as Musetta, and Martin La rence as Colline.

PICTURES BY
JOHN VICKERS





Don Pasquale"

nes from Donizetti's delightful ra which alternates with La wine at the Cambridge and which reviewed elsewhere in this issue.

**P: The Servants' Chorus, with gives an idea of the charming the crief, L. to R.): Martin wrence, Tony Sympson, Mariano trile, Alda Noni and Andrew Macson: (below), Martin Lawrence Mariano Stabile, and (below L), Stabile and Alda Noni, the leading talented singers, in

PICTURES BY

LEXANDER BENDER

another amusing moment.







Echoes from Broadway BY OUR AMERICAN CORRESPONDENT E. MAWBY GREEN

FOR the first offerings of the new season we have been given Richard Tauber in Yours is My Heart, an operetta based on Land of Smiles, music by Franz Lehar, book and lyrics by IIa Cobb and Karl Farkas; and a new production of The Front Page, the well-known Ben Hecht and Charles MacArthur stage success of 1928.

Except for three concert tours in America, the most recent in 1939, Mr. Tauber has not been seen on the New York stage, and it is unfortunate that he should have chosen so dull and dated a piece of Chinese nonsense as Yours is My Heart in which to display his magnificent vocal talents. It is a tedious trek to the middle of Act II, where Mr. Tauber sings the title song in four languages, English, French, Italian and German, but once you get there you are almost convinced it was worth the wait—if you didn't have to sit through another act and a half of boredom afterwards. The concensus of opinion seems to be that Richard Tauber on the concert stage would be very easy to take but in the operetta Yours is My Heart, in which the production is clumsy and uninspired in almost every phase, it is a physical impossibility for this



Betty Field in Dream Girl which London expects to see.

artist alone to provide an evening of complete theatrical enjoyment.

It is easy to see from the current revivaof The Front Page why this Hechi MacArthur newspaper prank written durin the mad roaring twenties was such a ser sation when originally produced, but a presented in the more sober and fightin forties it does not strike us as being th furiously funny comic-melodrama that would make you want to drop everything and g and see. There still seems to be plent of verve and vitality left in the writin but there is surprisingly little concern in the frenzied motions and carryings-on be this nest of criminal newspaper reporters Lee Tracy and the late Osgood Perkins who made a solid reputation for themselve when they created the roles of the sta reporter, Hildy Johnson, and the demonal editor, Walter Burns, left so definite a mar behind that Lew Parker and Arnold Mos are unable to match them with the sam. degree of personal interest and plausibility It is this lack of feeling of authenticity i all the characters and the subsequent dis belief in the situations that confront ther at every mad turn that robs this revival of its pertinence. The earnest sincerity that must have been a vital part of the original production has now given way at times t something approaching burlesque, and th direction is by no means as sharp and com-

There is little point in discussing the plo of *The Front Page* at this time as every body must surely be familiar with it sinc Hollywood has already filmed it twice: one under the original title with Lee Tracy and Adolphe Menjou, and a few years ago a His Girl Friday, with Cary Grant and Rosa lind Russell as a female Hildy Johnson.

petent as it should be.

It looks like *The Front Page* will b hanging around Broadway for several months, as the critics were generally kind

A dreadful thing called Maid in the Ozarks slipped into New York after five years of touring. It arrived during the summer months when the town's resistance is at its lowest, and by an effective advertising campaign conducted by the producer Jules Pfeiffer, this repulsive so-called hill billy comedy is still finding support from an audience that has not been inside a theatre since the demise of burlesque. Just how long this will continue to disgrace the profession is anybody's guess.

Last month we were all enthusiastic over

(Continued on page 30)

"Piccadilly Hayride"

he new Sid Field show which opens the Prince of Wales on October th, after being first presented at the Theatre Royal, Birmingham, on eptember 25th, promises to be the rightest big-scale revue London has rightest big-scale revue London has seen for some time, with a number fresh faces. (Right): The Ross sters—Betsy, Dixie and Vicki ppearing in Britain for the first me, whose harmony and amazing crobatics have earned them the ime of America's Wonder Girls. Below): Alan and Blanche Lund, ie clever dancers from the Canadian avy Show Meet the Navy, who will avy Show Meet the Navy, who will e-create "Our Waltz" and dance a sllet based on an old Chinese gendary tale, "A Hundred Kisses." Below right): Robert Lamouret, g hit of the Paris music hall, circus nd cabaret, who does an astonishing et with a life-size duck called udule, also seen in the picture. lex Shanks produces, with Charles 'nry as associate producer; Pauline rant and Jack Billing are responble for the choreography and dance utines, while Berkeley Sutcliffe and rte have done the costumes and cor. Lyrics and music are by Dick Hurran and Phil Park.









igus McBean

In the News

(Right):

JEAN COLIN

■ It came as a surprise to many to find charming Jean Colin, the popular star of many pantomimes and musicals, appearing in a straight play in the West End. However, Miss Colin finds her role in The Shop at Sly Corner, which recently reached its 600th performance, a welcome change from arduous war years touring in No, No, Nanette. She has not, of course, deserted the musical stage, and we hope to see her later in a new musical.

When Miss Colin was asked to take over Victoria Hopper's part at the St. Martin's she did not hesitate, for this gave her an opportunity to be within easy reach of her lovely 15th century country cottage, which is the pride of her life, and which also bears many proofs of her unusual skill as decorator and gardener. Added to this she has recently supervised the changing of a spacious old house near Hyde Park into flats, and has achieved wonders in the face of present labour difficulties. She is in fact a most practical young woman and a tonic to meet.

EILEEN HERLIE

Eileen Herlie, who has shaken the theatrical firmament with her glitterin performance as the tragic queen-widow in the Eagle has Two Heads at the Lyric Hammersmith, was a Glasgow Secretar only four years ago. After tasting the stage as an amateur she was soon convince that an actress's life was the only one to her. Coming to London with £35 in 1942 she trapesed around West-End theatres an agents' offices for six weary months is search of a part. Work came in the form of understudying Winifred Shotter in The Divorce of Lady X.

Later she was spotted by Peter Glenvill while playing The Little Foxes on tour an subsequently found herself leading lady a the Liverpool Old Vic, playing Paula Tarqueray, Anna Christie, Queen Gertrude, an Zinaida, the lion-tamer in He Who Get Slapped. She has already triumphed at the Lyric as Andromache in The Troja Women and Alcestis in The Thracian Horses.

For the past nine months she has been working on her present part, which mus surely contain the longest stage soliloque ever written. As Ronald Duncan adapted this Cocteau play from the French, he sen it, scene by scene, to Miss Herlie, thereby enabling her to devote the maximum time to study.



Houston-Rogers

Negro Ballet

By AUDREY WILLIAMSON

Right: Berto Pasuka in a scene from De Prophet. The Ballets Nègres are visiting the Continent in October for a tour covering Paris, Belgium, Holand and Scandinavia, and will then return to London to prepare for a 1947

Spring Season

Picture by Angus McBean



THE Ballets Nègres under the direction of Berto Pasuka is a first serious attempt to express negro life and ideas through the medium of ballet, with coloured bancers and a coloured choreographer to afuse the dance with an essentially African conception of movement and emotion. has no point of contact with the classical pallet technique and except in one ballet, aggrey, but little with the jazz idiom of such negro revues as the famous Blackbirds; at it does in general creative style conorm to the ballet formula made famous by okine and now followed by all important cassical ballet organisations. Story, dance, susic and artistic design are correlated as igorously as in the ballets of Diaghileff and Sadler's Wells; for although the music provided by the African orchestra is based azinly on tom-tom rhythms and varies little com ballet to ballet, its feeling, regulated yy rhythmic climaxes and suggestions of ne negro spiritual, is permeated by the

dirican feeling of the ballets. Wisely in his first experiments Pasuka as taken as his basis the historic movements of negro folk or ritualistic dance, and the adulterated and westernised form steps which has evolved from it in ventieth-century Harlem. He has, as it ere, stripped the veneer of transatlantic phistication from negro dance and vealed once again the essential African

pre beneath.

Inevitably, although this has meant a infusion of negro dance with its original writ, it has meant also that the technique ced in these ballets is elemental and at a moment lacking in variety. Classical ellet technique has evolved from Court depeasant dances over a period of three nturies, and within a few months of the rmation of the first negro ballet it is

impossible to expect anything like the same refinements and complexities of movement. An element of improvisation enters into present performances and as the dancers develop in theatrical experience no doubt the best of these improvisations will be absorbed into the general pattern and enrich the negro dance technique. At the moment the ballets tend to rely too much on the sheer physical stimulation of reiteration, an exciting characteristic of African dance and rhythm but one which can be pressed too hard and to the point of monotony. The ballets as conceived are too long for the dance material available and most could be cut with effect by at least one scene.

Wherein, then, does the extraordinary force and passion of these ballets rest? Partly in the cumulative emotional and rhythmic instinct of the negro dancers, led by Pasuka himself who has the fine natural expression as well as the athletic litheness and flexibility of hip, stomach and hand movement that distinguish the firstclass coloured dancer. Partly, too, in Pasuka's welding of his dancers into certain groups which are at the moment very simple but marked by a curiously effective counterpoint of movement, ceaseless, reiterative, yet varying from dancer to dancer. Above all in those occasional flashes of real imagination, in a gesture or pose or the building of a climax, that mark Pasuka as a choreographer of great potentialities and natural talent, even though his dance medium is as yet imperfect and he has not learned fully to discipline his own creative instincts.

De Prophet is the finest of his four ballets and its opening is a masterpiece of simple suggestion. Across the semi-darkened stage with its restless Jamaican villagers the Prophet moves slowly in a series of imper

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Scenes by John Vickers

This gripping play by Elsa Shelley set in an American Magistrate's Court for juvenile delinquency was transferred from the Lindsey Theatre to the Prince of Wales in July for a short season. So great once more this time to the Casino Theatre, Old Compton Street (The Prince Edward) on October 14th Top 18th. The parcents of the gri, Elizabeth Collins, who has been brought before the Court for an act of immortality (High Privs and Joan Miller) make a desperate appeal to Judge Bentley (Ernest Jay) of Joan 18th. Patricia Plankett as Elizabeth Collins, and (above) another scene in the Court during the cross-examination of one of the witnesses (Phillip Hillman).

Negro Ballet (Continued)

ceptible jerks, erect, white-robed, and with a branch of lighted candles held motionless before him. The whole scene has atmosphere and a superb sense of ritual: the higure is apart, a holy man, with an inner repose that is in striking contrast to the transported religious fervour of the later scene in which, backed now by half-demented converts, he heals the lame and the blind. The effect of the compact group bending over the blind man with trembling outstretched hands, and of the savage release of emotion that follows the miracle, reaches a climax of dramatic intensity.

It is interesting to compare this scene

Where the negro plays for emotion heightened by a frenzy of movement, the European achieves his sense of miraculous we through a deliberate emphasis on absolute stillness: only the arm of the miracle-worker moves in one slow, sweeping curve before one feels the strength draining but of his quiet figure into the body of the

prone girl.

The revivalist ecstasy that follows has even in the white man's ballet something of the primitive feeling of the negro priritual, linking the simple emotional response of the white slum-dweller with that of the natural savage; but the passion has rest bodily expression and is more concentrated in the formal design of choreographic rovement and uplifted, swaying arms. In Pasuka's ballet there is less pattern but an expression of emotion through expression of emotion through caping, dervish-like figures and inhuman comach cries. When the Prophet, failing the heaven, is dragged away to prison the try of Olivier's Oedipus confronted with the doom of his gods.

Pasuka makes this central figure a true escendant of the Old Testament prophets ving in the wilderness; and his attempt of fly to heaven, rising inch by inch to his all height with hands like wings and feet nained to the earth, has visual imagination and considerable pathos. The ballet is, owever, weakened by too many scenes and escending curtains and in length far acceds the choreographic invention. In the ason which opened at the Playhouse heatre in August an added scene showing the conversion of a "temptress" accentated this fault and in spite of a fine ancing performance by Nontando Jabavu escene did not justify its inclusion.

They Came, like De Prophet, has a riking opening scene, in this case a jungle rual of primitive idolatry in which Pasuka mself, in a fantastic mask, towers like statue over a plunging circle of worshipers. The dance here with its stamped

rhythm and flaying arms is finely controlled, and on his descent from the pedestal Pasuka's virtuosity of trunk and loin movement, with that wide out-turned crouch of the thighs that is like an exaggerated classical plié à la seconde, is astonishing. Later as the Witch Doctor defying the encroachments of Christianity he is, skull in hand, superbly impressive; but this ballet's symbol of the conflict of primitive religion and medicine with European Christianity, science and war fails because the white figures are too feebly drawn and dramatic climax is lost in choreographic repetition.

Aggrey is a symbol of a totally different nature and form of expression. It is an attempt to give visual force to the plea of a negro philosopher, Aggrey, who died within living memory, for the co-operation of the black and white races. Aggrey compared these races to the black and white keys of a piano: "One can get some sort of a tune from the white notes; one can get some sort of melody on the black notes; but for complete harmony one needs the

two together.

Pasuka has translated this metaphor into visible action, with himself as the virtuoso pianist playing on human keys dressed in black and white and rising and falling at his touch. A rather crudely-drawn figure of Fear attempts to part the figures but fails, and the harmony is established in a combination of black and white figures going through the symbolistic modern convulsions of the jive and jitterbug. It is a good idea but lacks depth or brilliance of choreographic conception, and one is less conscious of the serious theme than of the magnificent freedom of these negro dancers in a jazz idiom which tends to become devitalised and merely grotesque in western performance.

Market Day, the lightest work in the repertoire, is an unpretentious and happy depiction of the little human comedies played out at a West Indian market-fair. Again the ballet is over-long, and the white characters are too caricatured to fit in with the general realistic effect; but we see here the natural gaiety of the negro and some dancing of prolonged rhythmic virtuosity.

With the strengthening of technique and materials of expression the negro ballet may prove a vital contribution not only to the art of ballet as a whole but to the propagation of negro ideals and problems. Already it is presenting us with a new picture of the dignity and suffering as well as the artistic possibilities of the coloured races, and I think it is a strength that the dancers are not afraid to show the negro in his primitive savagery and superstition as well as his desire for progress and co-operation. Pasuka in his choreography,

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DAVID PEEL

WHY should critics always be allowed the last word? As they are continually harping in their columns on the feelings of contemporary actors, surely it is only fair to allow an actor to say what

he expects of a good critic.

Young David Peel's colourful performances in *The Kingmaker* and *Marriage a la Mode* have established him as a leading romantic actor, with an insight into character that enriches our store of lasting theatrical memories. He captivates the playgoer's eye and ear, with the assurance of an artist who knows his job, and thus his views on any aspect of the theatre command a respectful hearing.

As David Peel so justly observes, "The critic quite naturally demands a certain standard from the actor, so surely the actor is equally entitled to expect a similar standard from the critic. When I open my morning paper and turn to the review of last night's premiere I expect to find a considered and intelligent comment on the play, the writing, the acting, the production and the presentation generally.

"I hope to find constructive criticism and not a vicious attack by an acid pen. In short, I expect the critic to live up to Webster's dictionary definition—'One who expresses a reasoned opinion on any matter as a work of art or a course of conduct, involving judgment of its value, truth or righteousness, an appreciation of its beauty or technique, or an interpretation.

"A newspaper should not be solely represented by a reporter, unless there is some reason for describing the celebrities in the audience, and even then the reporter cannot replace the critic. One deals with the stage and the other the front of the house. They are both specialists and their work belongs to different pages of the paper.

Whispers from the Wings By LOOKER ON

"Let the editor always send a man competent to judge a play, and not a mere staff clerk for the sake of covering the show. The writer's words may be read by more than a million people. If he is not capable of forming and expressing an intelligent opinion on a play it is unfair on the management and the cast. Their living should be protected against irresponsible persons bursting into print with sweeping statements detrimental to the theatre in general.

"The man who comes to cover the show should have a wide knowledge of the theatre. He should know that a farce is not viewed in the same light as a classical tragedy. They are two types of entertainment aiming at different goals. If he is ignorant of the history of drama he may start off on the wrong foot and give a faise and unfavourable impression of a production through judging it by wrong standards.

"As Webster says, the opinion must be 'reasoned.' How can it be so when critics are sometimes compelled to telephone notices to their papers during the second interval? This has to be done, I understand, to ensure a criticism appearing in the next day's provincial editions. Surely the sacrifice of the last act is too high a price to pay for topicality. That last act may reverse the critic's opinion of the earlier part of the play. It may offer the leading lady a chance to give the performance of her life, a moving death-scene about which not a line appears in the papers the following day. I suggest the publication of first-night notices be delayed a day, thereby enabling critics to see the entire show and to consider their impressions in tranquillity before putting pen to

"I expect critics to avoid facetiousness. It is so easy to be clever and cruel at an author's or an artist's expense; but it does no good. It hurts the victim, and hardly induces him to do better next time. He is far more likely to take a dislike to the critic and decide that he knows nothing at all about the theatre.

"Naturally one does not expect favourable notices all the time. If the play is a bad one, by all means let the critics say so, but let the words flow from the pen of one respected by the public.

"The ideal critic is surely a man who loves the theatre and is never happy away from it. By setting out to appreciate that which actors and producers are trying to accomplish on the boards, he guides a wider public to fuller appreciation and enjoyment."

An Ensa Farewell

by JOHN McMILLAN

AFTER over a year of occupation, ENSA has bade farewell to the British Army of the Rhine. As official valediction, they chose The Apple Cart. The story of the six-weeks' tour is at once the marking of an occasion, a typical record of an ENSA operation, and an illustration of the way Berliners have become susceptible to Shaw!

Arriving at Cuxhaven from Hull, the ENSA company sorted themselves out, checked up on deficient props—a quite normal procedure, they tell me, remedied by their efficient production centre at Lubeck, which was run on Drury Lane ines and which also replaced their entire wardrobe on a more lavish scale—and then nade contact with the motor coach which was to carry them over 3,000 miles of occupied territory. At Hamburg two 'Queen Marys'' were loaded, and a threeon lorry made up their self-contained nvoy.

Here Basil Dean arrived by air to superrise the last stages of production and onduct final rehearsals. Barry Jones was olaying King Magnus, Julien Mitchell aking the part of Boanerges, George Howe the role of the Prime Minister, Proteus; mong other familiar names was Gibb CLaughlin, well-remembered as a film haracter-actor, who played Crassus. approved by Basil Dean, the production as left in the hands of Ernest Parr, stage arector of several recent West End shows rid the tour was on.

Much impressed by the quarters provided or them ("My bath's as big as a bedcom," said one), they opened with a week 1 Hamburg. Then came an invitation visit Wiesbaden, in the American zone, with inly twenty-four hours for all the preparaons. The Americans turned out in force and were liberal in appreciation; it had een thought advisable, however, to omit rrtain of Queen Jemima's lines for the

Several nights at the twice-blitzed Opera ouse in Düsseldorf — the wooden tip-up lats made a terrific clatter-then on in ern to Iserlohn, Bad Oyenhausen and After that, Berlin, for the peninden. timate and most important run. Here he Apple Cart was presented at the heatre Des Westens, a fair-sized opera wase which the troops, admitted free, still d not fill. As an experiment, it was cided to admit German civilians, who ere to pay full opera prices to offset costs. To everyone's surprise, the Germans seued, paid gladly, and overflowed the ck seats allotted to them. At some per-



BARRY JONES

formances they took three-quarters of the theatre. Listening with rapt attention, they never seemed to miss a point, and on the curtain the applause was deafening. "We could have played there to packed houses for at least another fortnight," the players.

Strict punctuality was a characteristic of these German audiences; not unaffected, perhaps, by the theatre rule of closed doors as the curtain rose-doors, moreover, made with no outside handles: the perfect answer

to late-comers!

Here again the script called for mild expurgation, in deference to occasional representatives of the U.S.S.R. in the stalls. This time it affected the American Ambassador's little speech referring to Germany as ". . . the chain of more or less Soviet Republics between the Ural Mountains and the North Sea.'

According to the German theatre manager -all deference to the ENSA company, a holy terror to his staff—the last occasion on which an English company played in English in Berlin was 'way back early in the century, when Sir Herbert Beerbohm Tree performed before a Berlin audience.

Despite certain difficulties in dealing with technical terms through an interpreter, the company's stage director was well impressed by the German theatre workers and technicians on whom so much depended. "Very willing, resourceful, and very thorough, was his summing-up. Chief bugbears were last-minute changes in lighting directions, and rather disconcerting to the players at rehearsals were the faces peering up from the German down-stage-centre prompt box. In between shows and rehearsals, the company took time off for sight-seeing and minor excursions; memories range from the shattered U-boat base at Hamburg ("like a mass of mashed spaghetti''), to the super-haircuts obtained for one English cigarette apiece.

They made their final bow to the BAOR

(Continued on page 30)

Produced by the Author (Continued)

originally. Quite logically they hesitate about the wisdom of cutting them. Other dramatists are not as tactful as they might be and seem to have a genius for getting on the wrong side of artists, who are never quite at their best during the trying period of rehearsals.

"My husband appears to get on quite well with his artists and has usually produced his own plays in a manner that has met with the approval of the cast and the audience. As a team they have managed to get the last ounce out of the lines. Far from confining his activities to his own plays, he produced Accent on Youth in New York and Clemence Dane's Wild Decembers in London, both quite different from the type of play he writes himself.

"I have a pet ambition to play Lady Macbeth one of these days. I have such faith in Benn as a producer, and I think we should get so much out of our early discussions that I should most certainly give him the first refusal if I ever found myself in a position to put on Macbeth. Benn might refuse, as he never enjoys handling spectacular scenes, such as the Banquet Scene; but that might be overcome easily enough, with the bulk of the guests offstage, as they were in the ingenious Thorndike-Casson production that toured the miners' welfare halls in the early days of the war

the war.

"I have always been very happy about my actress-author relationship with my husband. Playing parts made-to-measure by one's husband is an ideal position in the theatre. Isabel Jeans, Marion Lorne and Wendy Hiller, who all married dramatists, will understand my point of view and be the first to agree that more good than harm can come of closed collaboration between author and actor, even when the author farms out the specialised task of production to an independent expert."

Echoes from Broadway (Continued)

Margaret Sullavan's limited London appearance in John van Druten's three-character comedy, The Voice of the Turtle, for which delightful event an October opening had originally been arranged. We had barely gone to press when the news came through that Joseph Cotten, who was going over to co-star with Miss Sullavan, had been detained in Hollywood for retakes in something called Katie for Congress. This automatically punctured the plans for The Voice of the Turtle, and whether it will still be done in the West End with Miss Sullavan is now uncertain. While Mr. Cotten was an interesting choice for the role originally played on Broadway by Elliot Nugent, we were surprised that so quick a decision was decided upon to cancel out the London engagement with Miss Sullavan, for we can think of at least half a dozen British actors

who would have made admirable substitutes for Mr. Cotten.

At the present time plans for Betty Field to star in Elmer Rice's *Dream Girl* along Shaftesbury Avenue still hold good. Miss Field, who has been resting up from the arduous demands of her *Dream Girl* role, is now back in the Broadway production, but only until October 5, when she will withdraw to await the launching of this charmingly witty and human comedy in London.

When we reviewed Dream Girl after the New York opening last December, Miss Field was unable to go on, so until the other evening we had not seen her por-trayal, which the New York critics voted the best of the season's female performances.. This greatly gifted young actress, who was reluctant to appear in this her husband's comedy until after it had been offered and rejected by two other Hollywood stars, is a shining chameleon as she drifts from scene to scene and mood to mood in one of the longest and most taxing characterisations ever written for the stage. She makes Dream Girl such a fascinatingly human and delightful experience that no theatregoer in London will want to miss it.

Negro Ballet (Continued)

his after-curtain speeches and his use of the finely dignified native salaam has emphasised the essential seriousness of purpose and true racial pride behind his experiment, and one looks forward to a further development which will bring the negro's problems in contemporary life into more vivid focus through the medium of mime and dance.

more vivid locus through mime and dance.

The greatest negro plays have been written by white dramatists and the most famous negro opera, Porgy and Bess, was composed by a Jew; but ballet is a medium which the negro himself is peculiarly fitted, by his very nature, to use as a vehicle of expression and there is every sign he will eventually prove himself a creator as well as executant of a high order. His sense of colour and rhythm are equally strong and the moving pictures of these ballets have the boldness and impulse of a young but vital art.

An Ensa Farewell (Continued)

at Lubeck; then came the business of kitcollecting and a rather stormy 26-hour crossing home. As he surrendered his borrowed uniform, at least one chuckled, remembering a Cockney soldier's "Cor what a waste!" after discovering whom he had saluted in manner befitting a fieldmarshal.

In selecting *The Apple Cart* as farewell piece, I wonder whether ENSA had in mind that this play, first performed in Warsaw, was once prohibited in Dresden as "a blasphemy against democracy"?

An Actor Returns

By BRYAN MATHESON

TWO years ago I wrote an article on the "Post-war Plans for the Ex-Service Actor." Recently I have had a chance of scertaining the results of the good inten-tions which were then propounded. This is the story of a young demobilised actor who has succeeded in returning to the theatre.

Before the war Douglas Rye was beginning to make headway in his profession. He had appeared with a number of good epertory companies, including those at Hull, Huddersfield and Croydon. He had also played a leading role in the tour of Black Limelight, and in 1939 various West and managements were becoming interested

n his future.

Then came the war. Within a few weeks
Douglas was in the Army as a gunner. shortly after joining his unit the sergeantnajor suggested that, as he had been a proessional actor, he should form a concert earty. With a "rookie's" intrepidity he eplied that he was there as a professional oldier—not an actor, and declined the offer. He was quickly found sufficient fatigues and aties to satisfy even the most "pro-essional" soldier!

Two years later, as a fully-trained gunner, e was shipped abroad via South Africa and ndia to Singapore, which he reached exactly fifteen days before the British sur-

adered.

Following the capitulation he, with hunreds of others, was given the job of clearg the debris and removing the dead from ae city. For seven months he toiled and eated at his job. Then he contracted sentery and diphtheria and was shifted to hospital. These diseases were followed malaria, beri beri and finally complete aralysis. But somehow he survived. Someow he came out of that hospital alive, ad returned to work. And his luck still lid. A few weeks later he met a fellowrisoner who had also been an actor in re-war days. He had some plays scripts dden away in what remained of his kit, ad they decided to form a prisoners' ramatic society. They enlisted the support

Right DOUGLAS RYE four years prisonerof-war in Japanese hands.



of their O.C., and he in his turn, obtained the permission of his Camp Commandanta Nippon sergeant! This done, they cast their first play and started rehearsals, these being conducted on a starvation diet of rice, and in any odd hours when they were not working on the Japanese roads or aerodromes.

Few people realise, even now, the vital part that entertainment can play in such circumstances. Douglas Rye ranks its importance second only to that of the work of the medical officers. The majority of the audiences had never before seen a play per-But they soon became inveterate playgoers, "and they'll remain so," he adds with unshakeable conviction.

Among the plays presented were Black Limelight, Design for Living, Rope, Private Lives, Tonight at 8.30 and Hay Fever, in which he alternated male and female roles with startling adroitness; and even managed to direct a number of the plays himself.

On being demobbed recently, the first play in which he reappeared was Hay Fever; and by a strange coincidence, in the first-night audience was the original "Myra"

from the Singapore production!

But according to Douglas his prime female impersonation was in the Gertrude Lawrence part in Private Lives. When Noel Coward originally wrote this play and penned the lines:

(Continued overleaf)

. ON BOTH SIDES OF THE FOOTLIGHTS

[leichne]

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An Actor Returns (Continued)

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he could hardly have expected that they would one day be spoken to a fly-festooned, sweat-soaked and muscular Amanda in

Singapore!

Despite the prevailing conditions, during this period Douglas managed to write a play. The moment he finished it, it was confiscated by the Japanese. But, with dogged perseverance he collected some Signals indent forms and rewrote the entire three acts. Fate, however, again intervened. The prisoners were receiving a small amount or highly-prized tobacco every month. But they had no paper with which to make cigarettes. Covetous eves were fixed on Douglas's script; but he guarded it carefully, watching over it like a vixen with her cubs. "It's the only copy I've got of my play." he would explain with pathetic determination. Soon, however, he himself found the need for a cigarette insupportable. Slowly he and his comrades encroached on the script. For the first weeks the writing remained unharmed. But soon that also became mere digarette ash. until finally nothing remained of the script over which he had worked and worried for so long. But Douglas remains as determined as ever, and I believe the play will still be written.

I asked him what sort of reception he had received from managements and artists on his return, and he stated that he had found them all anxious to help him. J. Baxter Somerville for whom he had appeared in pre-war days, came torward at once and offered him a part: Rodney Millington (manager-director of Spotlight") effected an immediate introduction to a management for whom he subsequently appeared; and Equity provided every assistance that they could

Douglas is not anxious for evernight starlom. He wishes first to pure the blunter edges of his acting, and ster that he intends to make another attempt to reach L, ndon. And these it us who kn w him leth as an artist and a person see quite

certain it his ultimate success.

New Ballet Company



Rail Pavin of and Anna Marinova in Les File, a new work on classe all lines obser crarby Ravil Pavin of the masse by Mendolssahn), one of the ballets in the rejecture of The Pavin of Railet Tals new years a manage also give soon Lake, Les Spile les, Sector is la Ray and Blue Ball, as well as several new ballets, and will be seen as the Grand. Cropdon, a feet bet Tim, after visits a Cambridge, Norwich, Brail of the Folkest new and Hisrael miles.

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Amateur Stage

FOR their second production under Glyndebourne management, The Children's Theatre Ltd. gave Bridie's Tobias and the Angel at Toynbee Hall on September Some details of this enterprise are worthy of record.

Their first production, Great Expectations, dramatised by Alec Guinness and produced by Anthony Quayle, had two hundred performances in London and the provinces almost wholly under the sponsorship of local education authorities. Audiences totalled 100,000 children between seven and seventeen

For both productions the Children's Theatre has had the generous support of the London County Council Education Committee for a six weeks' run in London, and a third is promised to start next January.

Children's Theatre aims to present new and classic plays in the best possible manner for children. Present productions cater principally for children of secondary school age, but vounger children will be served as education authorities may require.

This policy is designed to associate Children's Theatre with local education authorities in using living drama as part of the education of British children. Therefore, a high standard of work, removed from speculative commercialism, is essential for continuing success.

Commencing what promises to be a record season, societies will be interested in the latest releases. Quiet Weekend is now generally available, also While the Sun Shines, This Happy Breed, I'll See You Again Scandal at Barchester and A Soldien for Christmas. The musical rights for amateurs of Sweet Yesterday and Old Chelsea have been negotiated for release in the not distant future, when publishing arrangements are completed. All of the above are in the hands of Samuel French Ltd.

Streatham Dramatic Club have Then Laughed Again in rehearsal. Facing ar extensive programme, the Club needs more male players. Secretary is Miss Stella Ralph Peel House, Regency Street, Westminster L.P.T.B. steps off with This Happy

Breed at Cripplegate on November 29/30 following with The Gondoliers at the Scale early in the New Year.

Over 375 attended a recent special read ing of Constance Cox's The Boy from Belfast, organised by the Sussex Play-wrights' Club. Reginald Tate read the leading part of John Philip Kemble. Members of various local clubs took other parts.

Dunlop D.S. have chosen You Never Can Tell for November 19/23; Rose Without a Thorn for January 21/25; Pink String and Sealing Wax for March 25/29, all at Fort Dunlop, Birmingham.

Opera (Continued)

of good looks, good acting and good voice. The male singing was the best in this production: the female voices had an electric and typically Italian glare about them, although after a harsh start Onelia Fineschi as Mimi achieved a third act of some beauty

and power.

As Rigoletto Carlo Tagliabue sang like an artist but otherwise the performance of this opera was much below standard. Indiscriminate applause is, nevertheless, ruining one's enjoyment of the performances at Covent Garden. It is bad enough to have the orchestra drowned at the end of each aria when the singing has been good; when the singing is bad it is unpardonable. When will English opera-goers learn that the orchestra score is as much a part of the opera as the singing?

A. W.

Stratford-upon-Avon Festival "Measure for Measure" & "Dr. Faustus"

THE two last productions in the Stratford Festival are both brilliantly successful renderings of plays which are not among

the most popular of the classics.

Marlowe's Dr. Faustus has its moments of supreme poetry, most of all in the last scene with its magical "See where Christ's blood streams in the firmament" and invocation to Helen, which seems jewelled with the rich Elizabethan passion for beauty. But Faustus' inner spiritual struggle between the powers of evil and redemption loses our interest when we see he puts his magic to no more impressive use than contring tricks, and even at the end he cannot uite regain his tragic stature. The play

OR SALE—Theatre World bound volumes in buff linen, Vol. 1, No. 1 to Vol. 32, No. 179; unbound copies, Vol. 33, No. 180 to present month o. 259 complete; what offers?—Miss H. M. Drasdo, Westbourne Avenue, Hull, E. Yorks.

WANTED—Theatre World Nos. May, Sept., Dec., 1937; Jan., April-Dec. 1940; Jan.-Sept. 1941; Jan.-October and December 1943; Jan. and Oct. 1945; FOR SALE—1938 April, May, June, August-Dec.—Write Miss Joyce Page, Sedgewell, Ideford, Newton Abbot.

A MATEUR COMPANY requires copies of "The Witch," by H. Wiers Jenssen; will refund cost and postage; can you help?—Box D.29.

THE CITY OPERA CLUB presents The Magic Flute (Mozart) at the Scala Theatre, Charlotte St., W.1, on 21st and 22nd October; Tickets 3/6-6/6 reserved), 2/6 (unreserved) from the Hon. Sec., 83 Bishopsgate; please send stamped addressed envelope Phone RIV 6369 or Scala Theatre (MUS 5731 after 18th October).

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falls to pieces in the middle, but Walter Hudd's production, combining the Elizabethan stage with Gothic space and masques inspired by the gargoyles on German cathedrals, has striking pictorial qualities and atmosphere, and his angels, good and bad, are winged like the images of Blake. Riette Sturge-Moore's settings and costumes excellently fulfil the producer's intentions and the play is extremely well acted. Hugh Griffith is a saturnine Mephisopheles, David King-Wood a persuasive Chorus, and although the part cannot wring our hearts Robert Harris shows with considerable skill the fatal fascination behind Faustus' headlong descent into the toils of evil.

Frank McMullan of Yale University has produced Measure for Measure in simple expressionistic settings which allow a quick flow of action and give plenty of space for a cyclorama illumined by some most beautiful and effective changes of lighting. The production is fantasticated but not too much so; it has a glowing colour and a nice sense of contrast in pace and character, and one's only criticism is that the lack of any attempt to disguise the Duke makes the success of his impersonation seem more

preposterous than it need.

What a great play this might have been had Shakespeare chosen to concentrate on and develop the psychological turmoil of

(Continued overleaf)

COMPANY MEETING

RAPHAEL TUCK & SONS

The annual general meeting of Raphael Tuck & Sons Ltd. was held recently in London.

Mr. Desmond Tuck (chairman) said that the company's business continued steadily on its upward grade. Their actual profits showed an increase over those of last year. When, however, Inland Revenue had taken its full pickings in the form of E.P.T., the picture changed, and the net profits which were allowed to remain to them bore little or no relation to their true earnings. Without their remarkable come-back after suffering such great destruction in the blitz there would probably have been neither E.P.T. nor income tax to collect from them.

They had acquired the freeholds of three additional factory premises in Northampton.

Their individual departments which contributed mainly to their turnover were in a more than healthy condition. Demand for greeting cards continued unabated and was still increasing. In the case of their art calendars, which had to face up to a 365-day test on the walls of the home, and which must continue to please the eye during that long time, the same factor of appeal applied.

The Report was adopted.

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Angelo instead of turning aside to the moralising Duke and his tedious and rather cruel subterfuges! As it is the actor is given a superb dramatic vessel of which the bottom drops out halfway. Robert Harris finely conveyed a sense of asceticism gone sour and was even moving in Angelo's temptation and fall; but he failed to suggest the man's passion for power and therefore the full tragedy of his undoing. Ruth Lodge gave nobility to Isabella's chastity and made one believe the sacrifice her yielding to Angelo would have entailed; but what modern mind can sympathise with her choice after Claudio's pitiful and youthful vision of Death, one of the most moving and genuine speeches in the play? David King-Wood did his best to make the Duke sympathetic and Robert Vernon had good fun with Pompey; but the Lucio of Paul Scofield, a bird of paradise with a gay plumage of wit, easily dominated the scenes in which he appeared. Coupling this performance with this young actor's Henry V a well-graced and royal firebrand with Spring in his veins, it is not difficult to recognise an actor of vivid promise. Not for many years has a young actor new to me given me such a genuine thrill of discovery.

Items

JOHN Gielgud's season in Crime and Punishment will continue at the Globe Theatre for some weeks. Mr. Gielgud will then make preparation for his visit to America, where he is taking a company and two plays, Love for Love and The Importance of Being Earnest. He will give his first performance in Ottawa on January 23rd and then proceed via Toronto and Montreal to New York, where he is due to open a sixteen weeks' season early in February, performing each play for eight weeks. He will then visit Canada again before coming home. before coming home.

It is likely that when John Gielgud returns he

It is likely that when John Gielgud returns he will be seen in a programme of short plays, ranging from tragedy to farce, and each running for about an hour, which Terence Rattigan will write for him. Rehearsals are in progress, under Glen Byam Shaw's direction, of Anthony and Cleopatra, with Godfrey Tearle and Edith Evans in the leading parts. Anthony Quayle will be Enobarbus, Michael Goodlife Octavius Caesar, Mark Dignam Agrippa, Hugh Metcalfe Monas, George Howe Diomedes, and Helen Christie Octavia. The decor will be by Motley, and Anthony Hopkins is writing the music. The play opens in Newcastle on October 14th, and after a two months' tour will follow The Skin of Our Teeth at the Piccadilly Theatre just before Christmas. Christmas.

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